

## Current Sensor

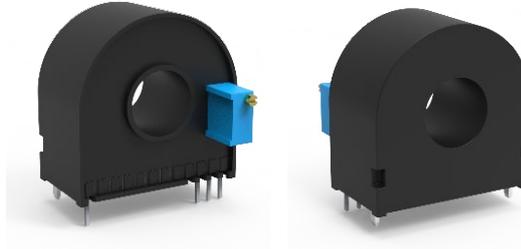
### Model number

TR3V 0.005 P02

TR3V 0.01 P02

TR3V 0.05 P02

TR3V 0.20 P02



Used to measure 50Hz AC current, with galvanic separation between the primary and the secondary circuits.

### Features

- ✧ AC current sensor based on transformer technology
- ✧ DC voltage output
- ✧ Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- ✧ High Accuracy
- ✧ Very low offset drift over temperature
- ✧ Standards:
  - IEC 60664-1:2020
  - IEC 61800-5-1:2022
  - IEC 62109-1:2010

### Applications

- ✧ Residual AC current measurement
- ✧ Wide range of single-phase or three-phase current detection (up to  $\pm 100A$  AC)
- ✧ Failure mode detection of current sources
- ✧ Symmetrical fault detection (such as at the output end of the inverter)
- ✧ AC screen

## Safety

This sensor must be used according to IEC61800-5-1.

This sensor must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the following manufacturer's operating instructions.

**Caution, risk of electrical shock!**



When operating the sensor, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g., Primary busbar, power supply). Ignore this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This sensor is a built-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

## Absolute maximum ratings(not operating)

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	±18
Primary conductor temperature	$T_B$	°C	100

✘ Using beyond the above voltage limit for power supply may cause permanent damage to the sensor.

## Environmental and mechanical characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Ambient operating temperature	$T_A$	°C	-40		85	
Ambient storage temperature	$T_S$	°C	-45		105	
Mass	$m$	g		28		

✘ Exposure to the above-mentioned maximum temperature for a long time may reduce the reliability of the product.

## Insulation coordination

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value	Comment
Rms voltage for AC insulation test @ 50Hz, 1min	$V_d$	kV	3	According IEC 60664-1
Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50µs	$V_w$	kV	6	According IEC 60664-1
Clearance (pri.- sec.)	$d_{Cl}$	mm	10	
Creepage distance (pri.- sec.)	$d_{Cp}$	mm	10	
Comparative tracking index	$CTI$	PLC	Group IIIa	
Application example	-	-	400V	Reinforced insulation, according to IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 62109-1 CAT III , PD2
Application example	-	-	800V	Basic insulation, according to IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 62109-1 CAT III , PD2

### TR3V 0.005 P02

※ With  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_C = \pm 12\text{V}$ , Output measuring resistance  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Primary rated residual current	$I_{PN}$	mA		5		AC
Primary residual current measurement range	$I_{PM}$	mA		8		AC
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	$\pm 12$		$\pm 15$	$\pm 5\%$
Current consumption	$I_C$	mA		3		@ $I_{PN} = 0\text{A}$
Rated output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	V		5		DC Voltage
Measuring resistance	$R_L$	k $\Omega$	10			
Theoretical sensitivity	$G_{th}$	V/A		1000		
Temperature of G	$TCG$	mV/k		$\pm 1.5$		@ $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$
Electrical offset voltage	$V_{OE}$	mV	-20		20	
Temperature drift of zero voltage@ $I_P = 0$	$TCV_{OE}$	mV/k		$\pm 0.2$		@ $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$
Linearity error 0... $I_{PN}$	$\epsilon_L$	%	-1	$\pm 0.5$	1	
Accuracy@ $I_{PN}$	$X$	%	-1	$\pm 0.5$	1	
Frequency bandwidth	$BW$	Hz		50		

### TR3V 0.01 P02

※ With  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_C = \pm 12\text{V}$ , Output measuring resistance  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Primary rated residual current	$I_{PN}$	mA		10		AC
Primary residual current measurement range	$I_{PM}$	mA		15		AC
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	$\pm 12$		$\pm 15$	$\pm 5\%$
Current consumption	$I_C$	mA		3		@ $I_{PN}=0\text{A}$
Rated output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	V		5		DC Voltage
Measuring resistance	$R_L$	k $\Omega$	10			
Theoretical sensitivity	$G_{th}$	V/A		500		
Temperature of G	$TCG$	mV/k		$\pm 1.5$		@ $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$
Electrical offset voltage	$V_{OE}$	mV	-20		20	
Temperature drift of zero voltage@ $I_P = 0$	$TCV_{OE}$	mV/k		$\pm 0.2$		@ $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$
Linearity error 0... $I_{PN}$	$\epsilon_L$	%	-1	$\pm 0.5$	1	
Accuracy@ $I_{PN}$	$X$	%	-1	$\pm 0.5$	1	
Frequency bandwidth	$BW$	Hz		50		

### TR3V 0.05 P02

※ With  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_C = \pm 12\text{V}$ , Output measuring resistance  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Primary rated residual current	$I_{PN}$	mA		50		AC
Primary residual current measurement range	$I_{PM}$	mA		80		AC
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	$\pm 12$		$\pm 15$	$\pm 5\%$
Current consumption	$I_C$	mA		3		@ $I_{PN}=0\text{A}$
Rated output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	V		5		DC Voltage
Measuring resistance	$R_L$	k $\Omega$	10			
Theoretical sensitivity	$G_{th}$	V/A		100		
Temperature of G	$TCG$	mV/k		$\pm 1.5$		@ $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$
Electrical offset voltage	$V_{OE}$	mV	-20		20	
Temperature drift of zero voltage@ $I_P = 0$	$TCV_{OE}$	mV/k		$\pm 0.2$		@ $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$
Linearity error 0... $I_{PN}$	$\epsilon_L$	%	-1	$\pm 0.5$	1	
Accuracy@ $I_{PN}$	$X$	%	-1	$\pm 0.5$	1	
Frequency bandwidth	$BW$	Hz		50		

### TR3V 0.20 P02

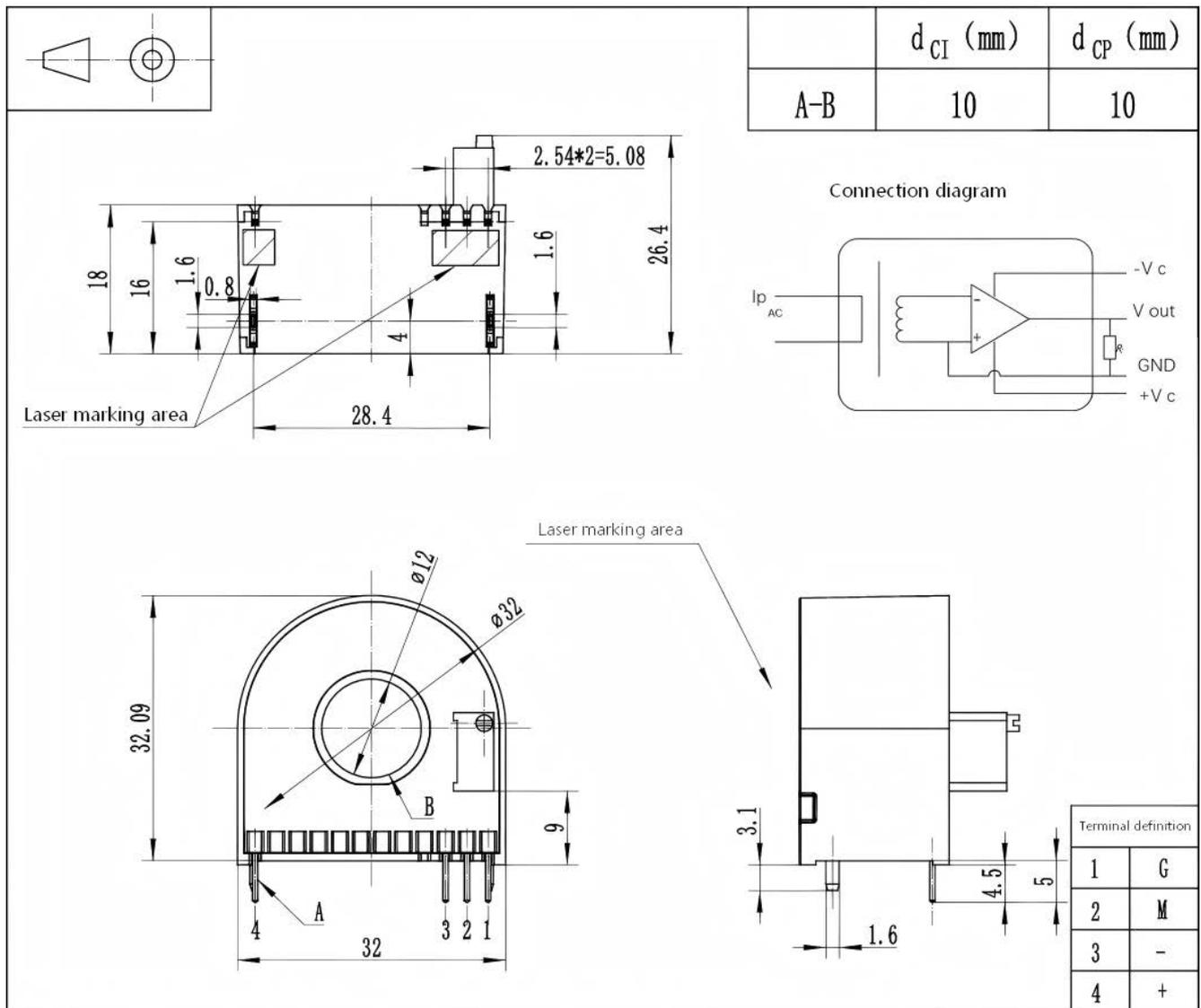
※ With  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_C = \pm 12\text{V}$ , Output measuring resistance  $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
Primary rated residual current	$I_{PN}$	mA		200		AC
Primary residual current measurement range	$I_{PM}$	mA		250		AC
Supply voltage	$V_C$	V	$\pm 12$		$\pm 15$	$\pm 5\%$
Current consumption	$I_C$	mA		3		@ $I_{PN}=0\text{A}$
Rated output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	V		5		DC Voltage
Measuring resistance	$R_L$	k $\Omega$	10			
Theoretical sensitivity	$G_{th}$	V/A		25		
Temperature of G	$TCG$	mV/k		$\pm 1.5$		@ $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$
Electrical offset voltage	$V_{OE}$	mV	-20		20	
Temperature drift of zero voltage@ $I_P = 0$	$TCV_{OE}$	mV/k		$\pm 0.2$		@ $-40^\circ\text{C} \sim 85^\circ\text{C}$
Linearity error 0... $I_{PN}$	$\epsilon_L$	%	-1	$\pm 0.5$	1	
Accuracy@ $I_{PN}$	$X$	%	-1	$\pm 0.5$	1	
Frequency bandwidth	$BW$	Hz		50		

# TR3V P02 SERIES

# CHIPSENSE

Dimensions (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



## Mechanical characteristic

- ✧ General tolerance  $\pm 0.3\text{mm}$
- ✧ Primary hole  $\Phi 12\text{mm}$
- ✧ Suggested PCB wiring dimensions
- Electrical connection pins  $4 \times \Phi 1.2$
- Fixed connection pins  $4 \times \Phi 2.0$

## Remarks

This is a standard model. For different applications (measurement, secondary connections...), please contact CHIPSENSE.